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1 Viewing instruction set design as an optimization problem

Bruce K. Holmer, Alvin M. Despain

September 1991 Proceedings of the 24th annual international symposium on **Microarchitecture**

Full text available: pdf(1.04 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

2 Compiler optimizations for power, performance: Architectural analysis and instructionset optimization for design of network protocol processors



Haiyong Xie, Li Zhao, Laxmi Bhuyan

October 2003 Proceedings of the 1st IEEE/ACM/IFIP international conference on Hardware/software codesign & system synthesis

Full text available: pdf(87.43 KB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

TCP/IP protocol processing latency has been an important issue in high-speed networks. In this paper, we present an architectural study of TCP/IP protocol. We port the TCP/IP protocol stack from the 4.4 FreeBSD to the SimpleScalar simulation environment. The architectural characteristics, such as instruction level parallelism and cache behavior, are studied through simulation. We also compare the characteristics of TCP/IP protocol to that of SPECint benchmark programs. It turns out that the form ...

Keywords: TCP/IP protocol, architecture simulation, instruction optimization, network processing

<u>Instruction set mapping for performance optimization</u>

M. Corazao, M. Khalaf, L. Guerra, M. Potkonjak, J. Rabaey

November 1993 Proceedings of the 1993 IEEE/ACM international conference on Computer-aided design

Full text available: pdf(397.31 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings

LLVA: A Low-level Virtual Instruction Set Architecture

Vikram Adve, Chris Lattner, Michael Brukman, Anand Shukla, Brian Gaeke December 2003 Proceedings of the 36th Annual IEEE/ACM International Symposium on **Microarchitecture**

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Full text available: pdf(196.08 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract
Publisher Site

A virtual instruction set architecture (V-ISA) implementedvia a processor-specific software translation layercan provide great flexibility to processor designers. Recentexamples such as Crusoe and DAISY, however, haveused existing hardware instruction sets as virtual ISAs, which complicates translation and optimization. In fact, there has been little research on specific designs for a virtualISA for processors. This paper proposes a novel virtualISA (LLVA) and a translation strategy for implementi ...

5 An ASIP instruction set optimization algorithm with functional module sharing constraint

Alauddin Alomary, Takeharu Nakata, Yoshimichi Honma, Masaharu Imai, Nobuyuki Hikichi November 1993 Proceedings of the 1993 IEEE/ACM international conference on Computer-aided design

Full text available: pdf(605.63 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings

6 Instruction Set Design and Optimizations for Address Computation in DSP Architectures

Guido Araujo, Ashok Sudarsanam, Sharad Malik November 1996 **Proceedings of the 9th International Symposium on System Synthesis**

Full text available: pdf(886.84 KB)
Additional Information: full citation, abstract, citings

In this paper we investigate the problem of code generation for address computation for DSP processors. This work is divided into four parts. First, we propose a branch instruction design which can guarantee minimum overhead for programs that make use of implicit indirect addressing. Second, we give a formulation and propose a solution for the problem of allocating address registers (ARs) for array accesses within loop constructs. Third, we describe retargetable approaches for auto-increment (de ...

⁷ A tool for processor instruction set design

Bruce K. Holmer

September 1994 Proceedings of the conference on European design automation

Full text available: pdf(718.01 KB) Additional Information: full citation, references, citings, index terms

8 An approach to microprogram optimization considering resource occupancy and instruction formats

Mario Tokoro, Eiji Tamura, Kazuhiko Takase, Kiichiro Tamaru
October 1977 Proceedings of the 10th annual workshop on Microprogramming

Full text available: pdf(1.09 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index terms

This paper describes a microprogram optimization technique considering resource occupancy and microinstruction format. This technique is applicable to machines whose microoperation occupies several machine cycles on a submachine cycle basis, and whose microinstruction format varies from horizontal to partially encoded, to vertical. "Microtemplate" is proposed to represent fetch timing and period of resource usage for a microoperation on a machine cycle and submachine cycle basis ...

Retargetable tools for embedded software: Instruction set compiled simulation: a

technique for fast and flexible instruction set simulation

Mehrdad Reshadi, Prabhat Mishra, Nikil Dutt

June 2003 Proceedings of the 40th conference on Design automation

Full text available: pdf(198.91 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

Instruction set simulators are critical tools for the exploration and validation of new programmable architectures. Due to increasing complexity of the architectures and time-to-market pressure, performance is the most important feature of an instruction-set simulator. Interpretive simulators are flexible but slow, whereas compiled simulators deliver speed at the cost of flexibility. This paper presents a novel technique for generation of fast instruction set simulators that combines the benefit ...

Keywords: compiled simulation, instruction abstraction, instruction set architectures, interpretive simulation

10 Synthesis for Low Power: Efficient instruction-level optimization methodology for low-

power embedded systems

Kyu-won Choi, Abhijit Chatterjee

September 2001 Proceedings of the 14th international symposium on Systems synthesis

Full text available: pdf(331.32 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

In this paper, for low-power embedded systems, we solve the instruction scheduling and reordering problem as a Precedence Constrained Hamiltonian Path Problem for DAGs and the Traveling Salesman Problem (TSP), both of which are NP-Hard [1,2]. We propose an efficient instruction-level optimization algorithm for solving the NP-Hard problem. Minimum spanning tree (MST) and simulated annealing (SA) mechanisms are used for the optimization. We describe the methods for generating the control flow and ...

11 <u>Co-synthesis of pipelined structures and instruction reordering constraints for</u> instruction set processors

Ing-Jer Huang

January 2001 ACM Transactions on Design Automation of Electronic Systems (TODAES), Volume 6 Issue 1

Full text available: pdf(1.58 MB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

This paper presents a hardware/software co-synthesis approach to pipelined ISP (instruction set processor) design. The approach synthesizes the pipeline structure from a given instruction set architecture (behavioral) specification. In addition, it generates a set of reordering constraints that guides the compiler back-end (reorderer) to properly schedule instructions so that possible pipeline hazards are avoided and throughput is improved. Cosynthesis takes place while resolving ...

Keywords: compiler instruction optimization\, instruction set processor, pipeline hazards, pipeline taxonomy, synthesis

12 <u>Instruction prefetching of systems codes with layout optimized for reduced cache</u> misses

Chun Xia, Josep Torrellas

May 1996 ACM SIGARCH Computer Architecture News, Proceedings of the 23rd annual international symposium on Computer architecture, Volume 24 Issue 2

Full text available: pdf(1.65 MB)

Additional Information: <u>full citation</u>, <u>abstract</u>, <u>references</u>, <u>citings</u>, <u>index</u> terms

High-performing on-chip instruction caches are crucial to keep fast processors busy.

 $h \hspace{1.5cm} c \hspace{1.5cm} g \hspace{1.5cm} e \hspace{1.5cm} c f \hspace{1.5cm} c \\$

Unfortunately, while on-chip caches are usually successful at intercepting instruction fetches in loop-intensive engineering codes, they are less able to do so in large systems codes. To improve the performance of the latter codes, the compiler can be used to lay out the code in memory for reduced cache conflicts. Interestingly, such an operation leaves the code in a state that can be exploited by a new type of ...

13 <u>Energy efficient microarchitectural techniques: Energy-efficient instruction set synthesis for application-specific processors</u>



Jong-eun Lee, Kiyoung Choi, Nikil D. Dutt

August 2003 Proceedings of the 2003 international symposium on Low power electronics and design

Full text available: pdf(78.03 KB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

Several techniques have been proposed to enhance the energy-efficiency of ASIPs (Application-Specific Instruction set Processors). While those techniques can reduce the energy consumption with a minimal change in the instruction set (IS), they fail to exploit the opportunity of designing the entire IS from the energy-efficiency perspective. In this paper, we present an energy-efficient IS synthesis technique that can comprehensively reduce the energy-delay product (EDP) of ASIPs through optimal ...

Keywords: application-specific instruction set processor (ASIP), customization, energy-delay product, instruction encoding, low power

14 <u>Architectural exploration and system simulations: An efficient retargetable framework for instruction-set simulation</u>



Mehrdad Reshadi, Nikhil Bansal, Prabhat Mishra, Nikil Dutt

October 2003 Proceedings of the 1st IEEE/ACM/IFIP international conference on Hardware/software codesign & system synthesis

Full text available: pdf(251.51 KB) Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, index terms

Instruction-set architecture (ISA) simulators are an integral part of today's processor and software design process. While increasing complexity of the architectures demands high performance simulation, the increasing variety of available architectures makes retargetability a critical feature of an instruction-set simulator. Retargetability requires generic models while high performance demands target specific customizations. To address these contradictory requirements, we have developed a gener ...

Keywords: architecture description language, decode algorithm, generic instruction model, instruction binary encoding, retargetable instruction-set simulation

15 Efficient instruction encoding for automatic instruction set design of configurable ASIPs Jong-eun Lee, Kiyoung Choi, Nikil Dutt



November 2002 Proceedings of the 2002 IEEE/ACM international conference on Computer-aided design

Full text available: pdf(356.60 KB)

Additional Information: <u>full citation</u>, <u>abstract</u>, <u>references</u>, <u>citings</u>, <u>index</u> <u>terms</u>

Application-specific instructions can significantly improve the performance, energy, and code size of configurable processors. A common approach used in the design of such instructions is to convert application-specific operation patterns into new complex instructions. However, processors with a fixed instruction bitwidth cannot accommodate all the potentially interesting operation patterns, due to the limited code space afforded by the fixed instruction bitwidth. We present a novel instruction ...

16 Register connection: a new approach to adding registers into instruction set

h c ge cf c

architectures

Tokuzo Kiyohara, Scott Mahlke, William Chen, Roger Bringmann, Richard Hank, Sadun Anik, Wen-Mei Hwu

May 1993 ACM SIGARCH Computer Architecture News, Proceedings of the 20th annual international symposium on Computer architecture, Volume 21 Issue 2

Full text available: pdf(1.07 MB)

Additional Information: <u>full citation</u>, <u>abstract</u>, <u>references</u>, <u>citings</u>, <u>index</u> terms

Code optimization and scheduling for superscalar and superpipelined processors often increase the register requirement of programs. For existing instruction sets with a small to moderate number of registers, this increased register requirement can be a factor that limits the effectivess of the compiler. In this paper, we introduce a new architectural method for adding a set of extended registers into an architecture. Using a novel concept of connection, this method allows the data stored in ...

17 Program optimization for instruction caches

S. McFarling

April 1989 ACM SIGARCH Computer Architecture News, Proceedings of the third international conference on Architectural support for programming languages and operating systems, Volume 17 Issue 2

Full text available: pdf(953.55 KB)

Additional Information: <u>full citation</u>, <u>abstract</u>, <u>references</u>, <u>citings</u>, <u>index</u> <u>terms</u>

This paper presents an optimization algorithm for reducing instruction cache misses. The algorithm uses profile information to reposition programs in memory so that a direct-mapped cache behaves much like an optimal cache with full associativity and full knowledge of the future. For best results, the cache should have a mechanism for excluding certain instructions designated by the compiler. This paper first presents a reduced form of the algorithm. This form is shown to produce an optimal ...

18 An analysis of a mesa instruction set using dynamic instruction frequencies Gene McDaniel

March 1982 Proceedings of the first international symposium on Architectural support for programming languages and operating systems

Full text available: pdf(948.65 KB)

Additional Information: <u>full citation</u>, <u>abstract</u>, <u>references</u>, <u>citings</u>, <u>index</u> terms

The Mesa architecture is implemented on a variety of processors, and dynamic instruction frequency data for two programs is used to analyze the architecture in an implementation independent fashion. The Mesa compiler allocates variables in an order based upon their static frequency of use, and measurements are provided that show that these static predictions predict run time usage as well. We provide an evaluation of the advantages and costs of Mesa's compact byte encoding, its r ...

19 The design of an instruction set for common LISP

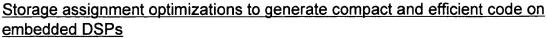
Skef Wholey, Scott E. Fahlman

August 1984 Proceedings of the 1984 ACM Symposium on LISP and functional programming

Full text available: pdf(675.19 KB)

Additional Information: <u>full citation</u>, <u>abstract</u>, <u>references</u>, <u>citings</u>, <u>index</u> terms

The design of a microcoded instruction set for executing Common Lisp is presented. The influence that the language design, the machine, and the operating system had on this design is described. A statistical analysis of object code for an earlier instruction set was used to assign specific instruction lengths that led to a significant compression of the object code.





Amit Rao, Santosh Pande

May 1999 ACM SIGPLAN Notices, Proceedings of the ACM SIGPLAN 1999 conference on Programming language design and implementation, Volume 34 Issue 5

Full text available: pdf(1.25 MB)

Additional Information: full citation, abstract, references, citings, index

DSP architectures typically provide dedicated memory address generation units and indirect addressing modes with auto-increment and auto-decrement that subsume address arithmetic calculation. The heavy use of auto-increment and auto-decrement indirect addressing require DSP compilers to perform a careful placement of variables in storage to minimize address arithmetic instructions to generate compact and efficient DSP code. Liao et al. formulated the problem of storage assignment as the simple o ...

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